

HOLOGRAPHIC ENTANGLEMENT

Veronika Hubeny



Physics Department & center for Quantum Mathematics and Physics



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BAY AREA PARTICLE THEORY SEMINAR

based on earlier works w/ {M. Headrick, A. Lawrence, H. Maxfield, M. Rangamani, T. Takayanagi, E. Tonni}
& on work in progress w/ M. Headrick

OUTLINE

- Context
 - Background: AdS/CFT
 - Motivation: covariantize to elucidate the correspondence
- Holographic Entanglement
 - Entanglement entropy
 - RT & HRT
- Recasting holographic entanglement
 - Bit threads
 - Covariant bit threads
- Summary

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Gauge/gravity duality

also known as the AdS/CFT correspondence

String theory (gravity) \iff gauge theory (CFT)

“in bulk” asymp. AdS

“on boundary”

‘soup can’ diagram of AdS:

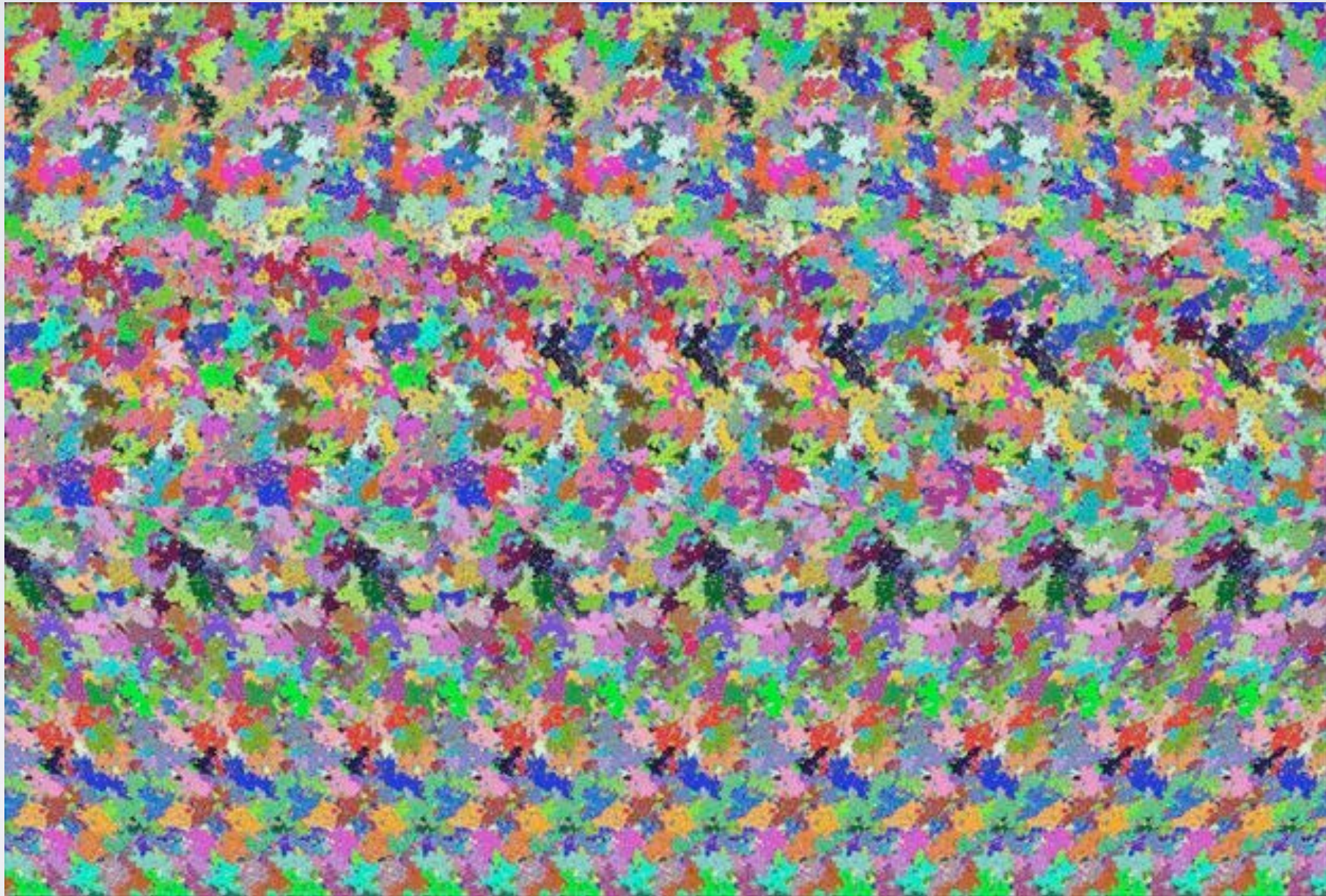


here label is everything...

- Since the two descriptions live in different number of dimensions, we call such a correspondence **holographic**.

Gauge/gravity duality

* better analogy: stereogram...

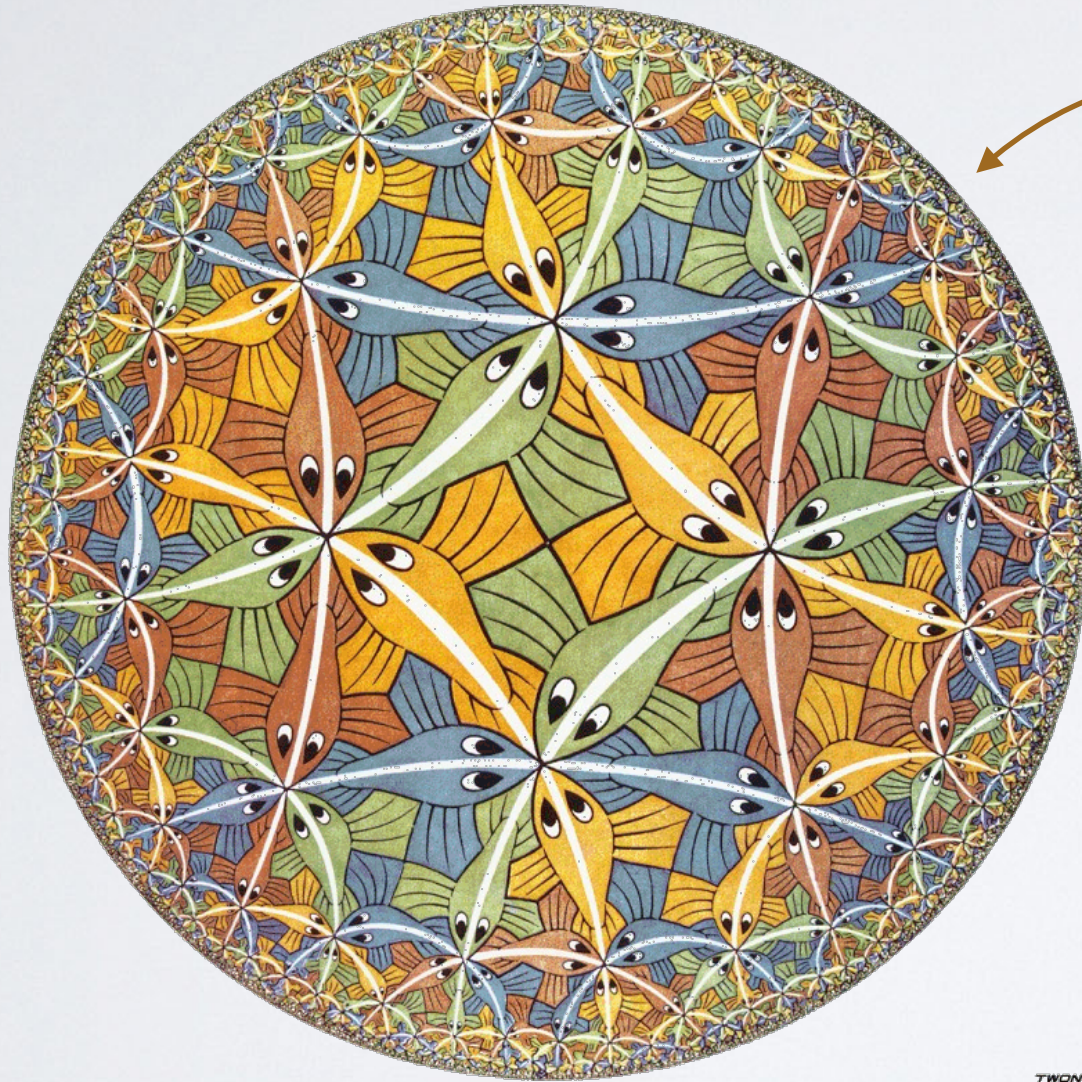


...but infinitely more complicated

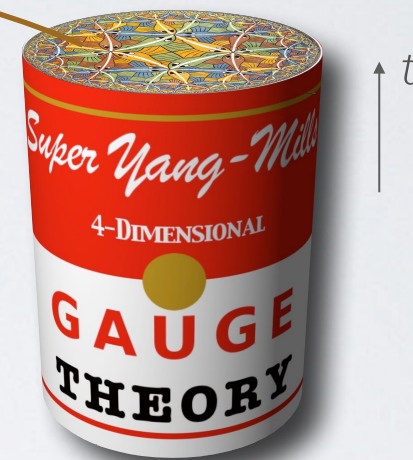
Radial direction

What boundary quantity encodes the extra bulk direction?

- hints from spatial geometry of AdS:



TWON

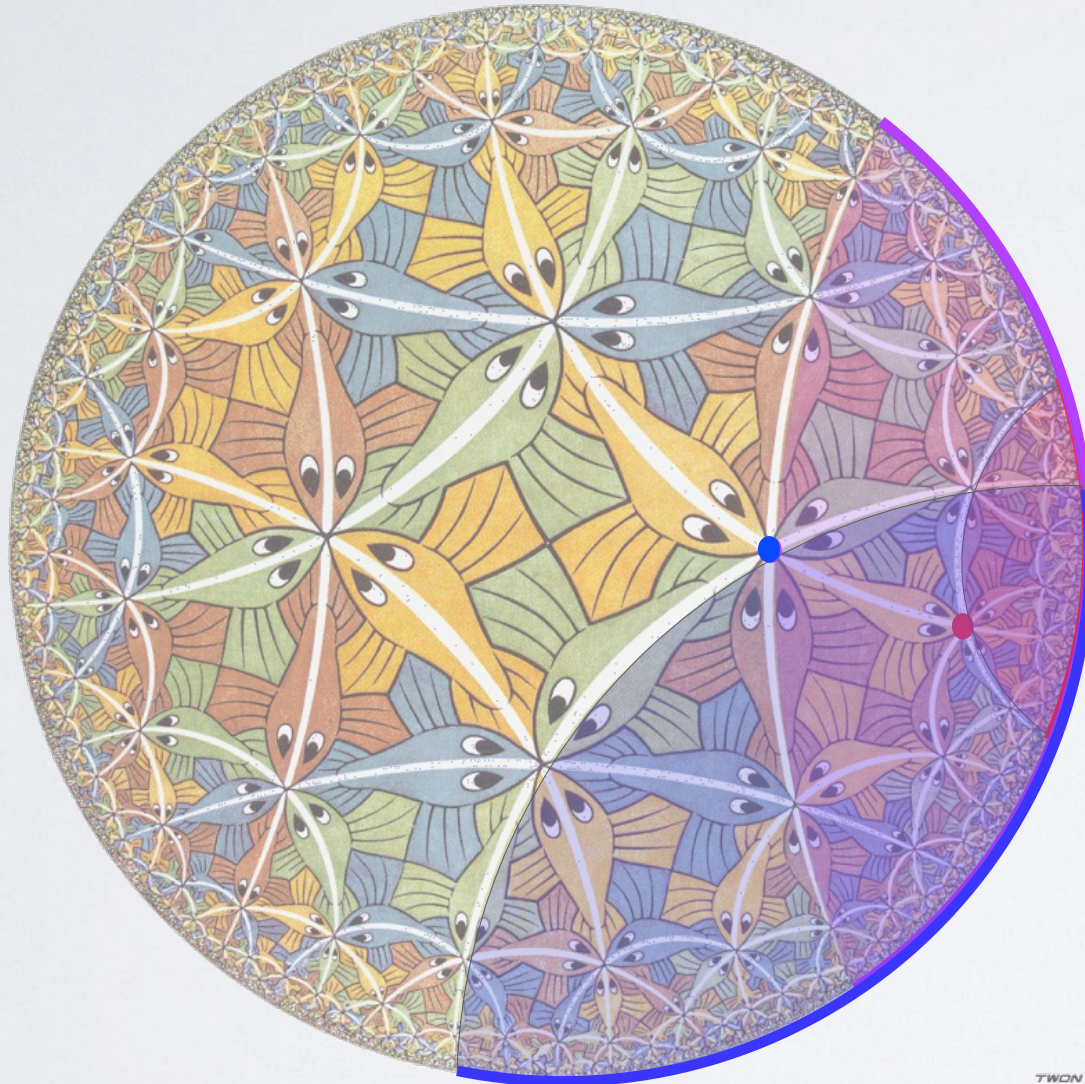


Radial direction

What boundary quantity encodes the extra bulk direction?

- hints from spatial geometry of AdS:

The radial bulk direction comes from a scale size on boundary:



- points near the boundary \longleftrightarrow small arcs
- points further in the bulk \longleftrightarrow larger arcs
- same point represented by multiple arcs

- Provides useful intuition:

e.g. bulk particle falling due to gravity \longleftrightarrow boundary excitation spreading outward
... falling into black hole \longleftrightarrow ... thermalizing

Applications of gauge/gravity duality

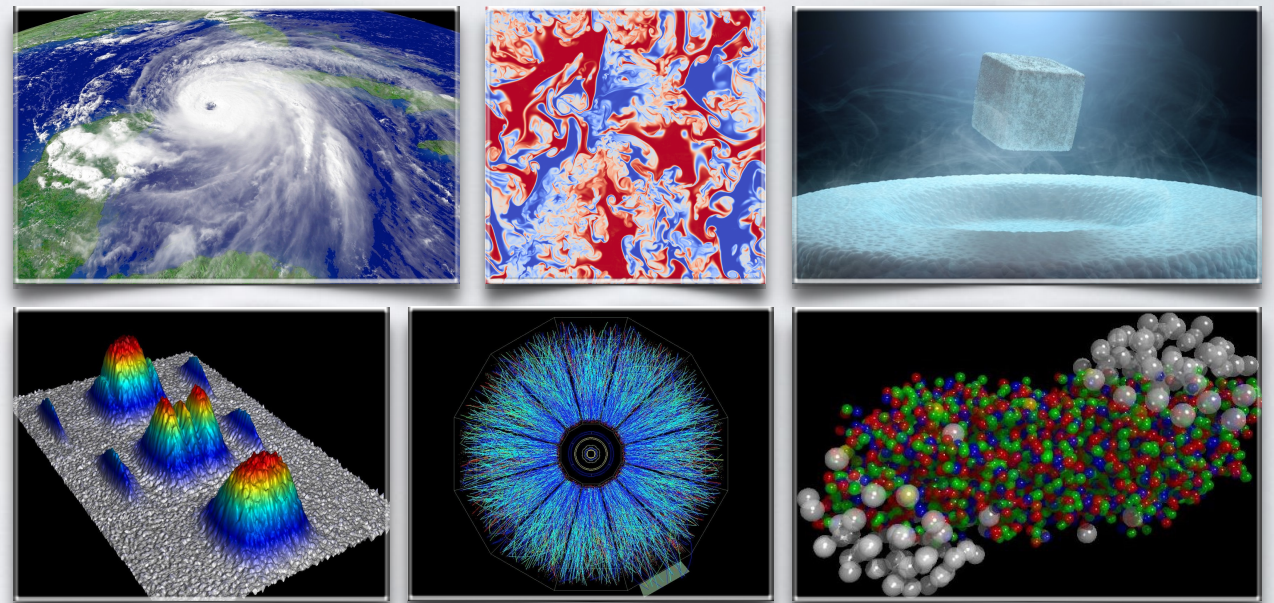
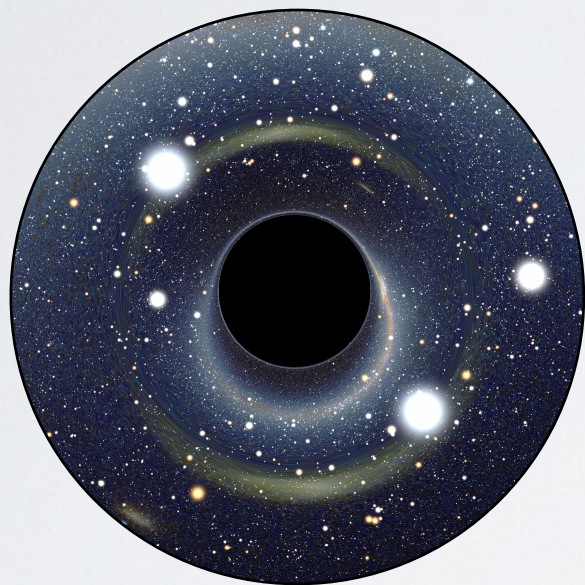
String theory (gravity) \iff field theory (no gravity)

“in bulk” = higher dimensions

“on boundary” = lower dimensions

describes gravitating systems, e.g. black holes

describes experimentally accessible systems



Invaluable tool to:

- ~ Study **strongly interacting field theory** (hard, but describes many systems) by working with higher-dimensional gravity on AdS (easy).
- ~ Study **quantum gravity** in AdS (hard, but needed to understand spacetime) by using the field theory (easy for certain things)

Pre-requisite:

We need to understand the AdS/CFT dictionary...

- How does bulk spacetime emerge from the CFT?
 - Which CFT quantities give the bulk metric?
 - What determines bulk dynamics (Einstein's eq.)?
 - How does one recover a local bulk operator from CFT quantities?
- What part of bulk can we recover from a restricted CFT info?
 - What bulk region does a CFT state (at a given instant in time) encode?
 - What bulk region does a spatial subregion of CFT state encode?
- (How) does the CFT “see” inside a black hole?
 - Does it unitarily describe black hole formation & evaporation process?
 - How does it resolve curvature singularities?

Main message: using GR technology goes a long way...

Motivation

- Elucidate holography
 - Fundamental nature of spacetime & its relation to entanglement
 - Structure/characterization of CFTs (& states) w/ gravity dual
- Start w/ situations with large amount of symmetry (e.g. pure AdS)
 - Explicit calculations possible, can obtain analytical expressions
 - Use these to guess duality relations \rightarrow entry in gauge/gravity dictionary
- But this has limitations
 - How to generalize? (e.g. time dependence)
 - Often symmetry brings degeneracy between logically distinct concepts
- Need to “covariantize”
 - Define a quantity which is purely geometrical (e.g. independent of any choice of coordinate systems) and fully general

Utility of covariant constructs

- Gives a general prescription
 - Definition of a quantity is equally robust on both sides of duality
 - Once beyond analytically tractable cases, might as well go for full generality (within the class of systems we want to consider, i.e. $N = \infty$)
- Time dependence interesting in its own right
 - Novel phenomena in out-of-equilibrium systems
 - New insight into the structure of the theory
- Breaks degeneracy between distinct constructs
 - Allows us to identify the true dual \rightarrow underlying nature of the map
- Natural covariant constructs motivate new relations
 - Even if a given construct is not the sought dual, it eventually finds its use

Example: Holographic Entanglement Entropy

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Paths to Holographic Entanglement

String theory (\ni gravity) \iff gauge theory (CFT)

“in bulk” asymp. $\text{AdS} \times K$

“on boundary”

Applied AdS/CFT:

- study specific system via its dual
- e.g. AdS/QCD, AdS/CMT, ...

Fundamentals of AdS/CFT:

- why/how does the duality work
- map between the 2 sides

Holographic Entanglement Entropy

Quantum Gravity

Entanglement

- Most non-classical manifestation of quantum mechanics
 - “Best possible knowledge of a whole does not include best possible knowledge of its parts — and this is what keeps coming back to haunt us” [Schrodinger '35]
- New quantum resource for tasks which cannot be performed using classical resources [Bennet '98]
- Plays a central role in wide-ranging fields
 - quantum information (e.g. cryptography, teleportation, ...)
 - quantum many body systems
 - quantum field theory
- Hints at profound connections to geometry...

Entanglement Entropy (EE)

Suppose we only have access to a subsystem A of the full system $= A + B$. The amount of entanglement is characterized by Entanglement Entropy S_A :

- reduced density matrix $\rho_A = \text{Tr}_B |\psi\rangle\langle\psi|$
(more generally, for a mixed total state, $\rho_A = \text{Tr}_B \rho$)
- EE = von Neumann entropy $S_A = -\text{Tr} \rho_A \log \rho_A$

Defined if we can divide a quantum system into a subsystem A and its complement B , such that the Hilbert space decomposes:

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_A \otimes \mathcal{H}_B$$

Entanglement Entropy (EE)

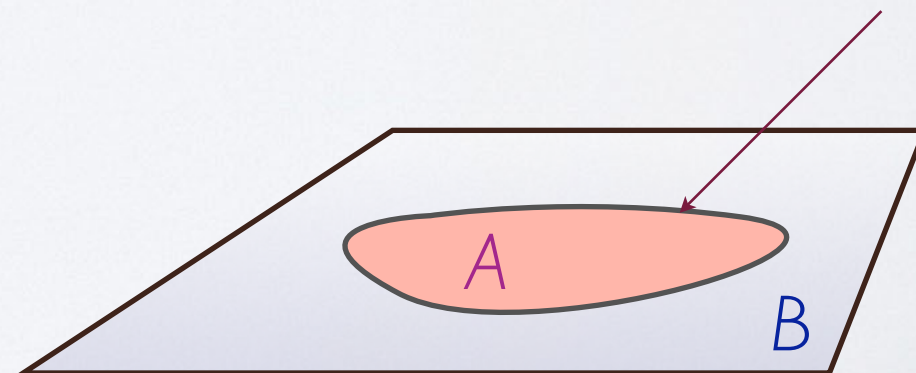
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- e.g. in local QFT:

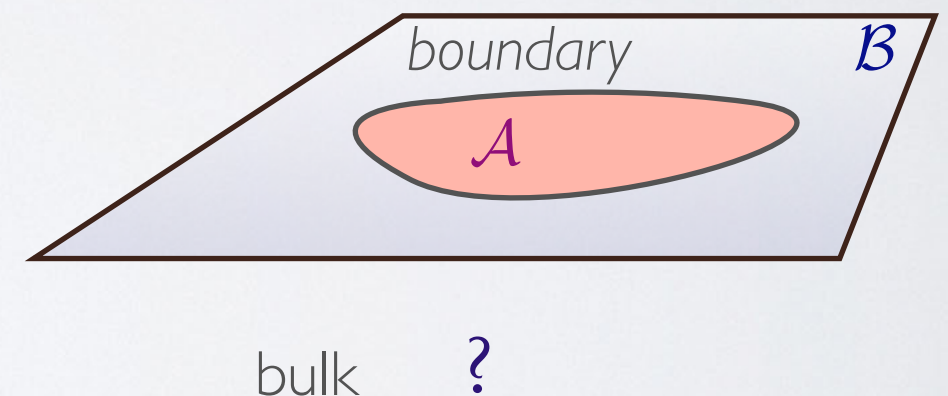
A and B can be spatial regions, separated by a smooth entangling surface



The good news & the bad news

- But EE is hard to deal with...
 - non-local quantity, intricate & sensitive to environment
 - difficult to measure
 - difficult to calculate... especially in strongly-coupled quantum systems

- AdS/CFT to the rescue?
 - ~ Is there a natural bulk dual of EE?
(= “Holographic EE”)



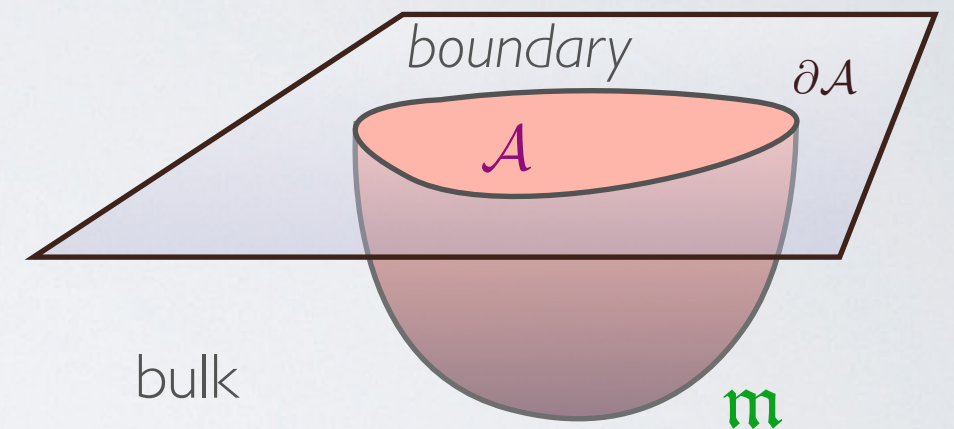
Yes! - described geometrically...

Holographic EE in static situations

Proposal [RT=Ryu & Takayanagi, '06] for *static* configurations:

In the bulk, entanglement entropy $S_{\mathcal{A}}$ for a boundary region \mathcal{A} is captured by the area of a minimal co-dimension-2 bulk surface \mathfrak{m} at constant t anchored on entangling surface $\partial\mathcal{A}$ & homologous to \mathcal{A}

$$S_{\mathcal{A}} = \min_{\partial\mathfrak{m}=\partial\mathcal{A}} \frac{\text{Area}(\mathfrak{m})}{4 G_N}$$

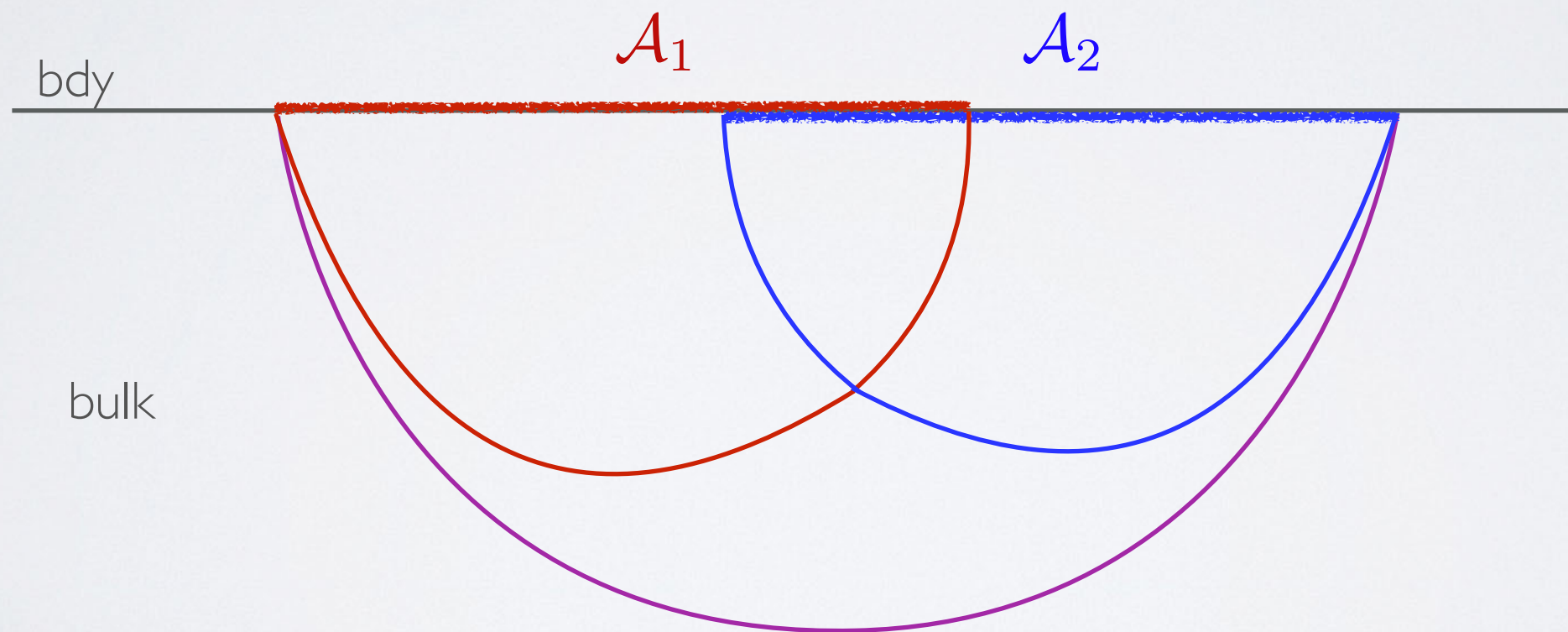
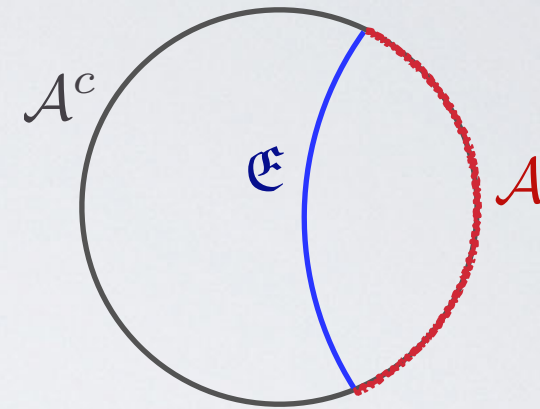


Remarks:

- Large body of evidence, culminating in [Lewkowycz & Maldacena '13]
- cf. black hole entropy...
- Minimal surface “hangs” into the bulk due to large distances near bdy.
- Note that both LHS and RHS are in fact infinite

Manifest properties of EE

- For pure states $S_{\mathcal{A}} = S_{\mathcal{A}^c}$
- Positivity: $S_{\mathcal{A}} \geq 0$
- Subadditivity: $S_{\mathcal{A}_1} + S_{\mathcal{A}_2} \geq S_{\mathcal{A}_1 \cup \mathcal{A}_2}$



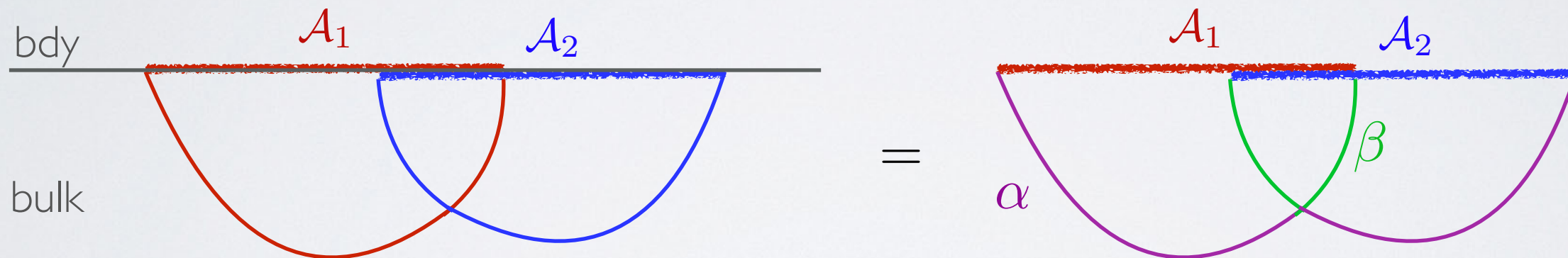
- Implies positivity of mutual information: $I(\mathcal{A}_1, \mathcal{A}_2) = S_{\mathcal{A}_1} + S_{\mathcal{A}_2} - S_{\mathcal{A}_1 \cup \mathcal{A}_2}$

Proof of Strong Subadditivity

- strong subadditivity:

$$S_{\mathcal{A}_1} + S_{\mathcal{A}_2} \geq S_{\mathcal{A}_1 \cup \mathcal{A}_2} + S_{\mathcal{A}_1 \cap \mathcal{A}_2}$$

- proof in static configurations [Headrick & Takayanagi]



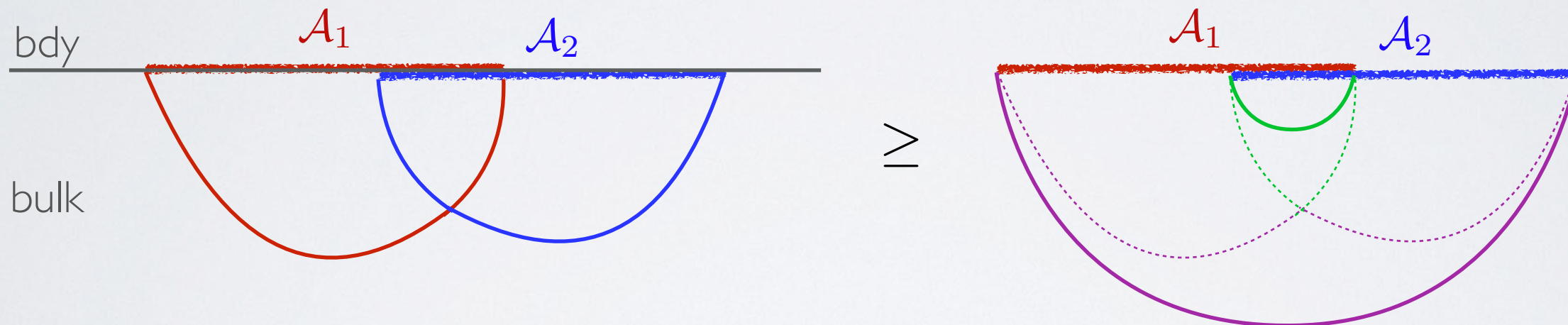
$$S_{\mathcal{A}_1} + S_{\mathcal{A}_2} = \alpha + \beta$$

Proof of Strong Subadditivity

- strong subadditivity:

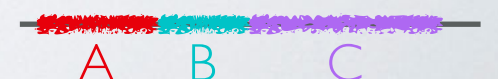
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- proof in static configurations [Headrick & Takayanagi]



$$S_{\mathcal{A}_1} + S_{\mathcal{A}_2} = \alpha + \beta \geq S_{\mathcal{A}_1 \cup \mathcal{A}_2} + S_{\mathcal{A}_1 \cap \mathcal{A}_2}$$

- Similarly prove monogamy of mutual information [Hayden, Headrick, Maloney] valid in holography but not in general: $S_A + S_B + S_C + S_{ABC} \leq S_{AB} + S_{BC} + S_{AC}$



Bulk dynamics from EE?

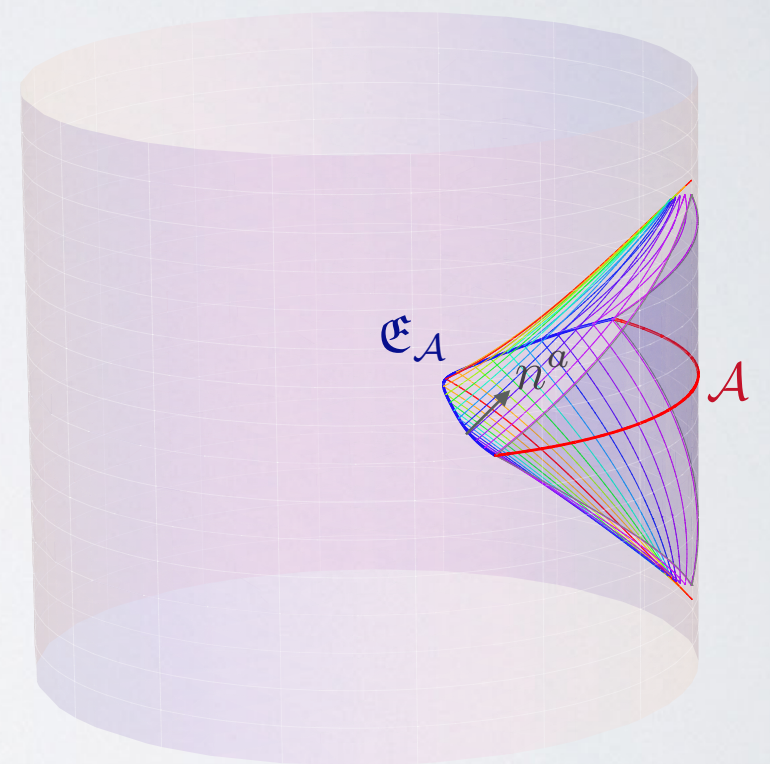
- We can in principle decode the bulk geometry from $\{S_{\mathcal{A}}\}$ for a suitable set of \mathcal{A} 's.
- But can we extract bulk dynamics more directly?
 - Use the strong subadditivity property of EE:

$$\delta_{\mathcal{A}}^2 S_{\mathcal{A}} \sim \int_{\mathfrak{E}_{\mathcal{A}}} E_{ab} n^a n^b \geq 0$$

specific 2nd order variation of region

cf. Null Energy Condition

- proved at linearized level in 3-d, but conjectured to hold more generally...



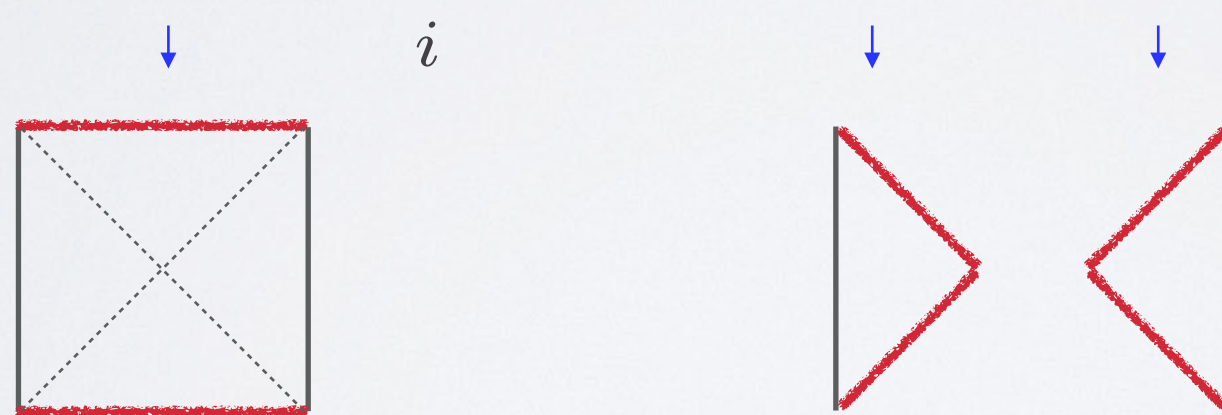
[Bhattacharya, VH, Rangamani, Takayanagi, '14]
cf. [Lashkari, Rabideau, Sabella-Garnier, Van Raamsdonk]

Spacetime from entanglement?

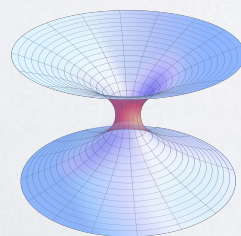
How does bulk spacetime emerge in the first place?

- Some connected spacetimes emerge as superpositions of disconnected spacetimes [Van Raamsdonk; Swingle]

eg. eternal AdS black hole as thermofield double:

$$|\psi\rangle = \sum_i e^{-\frac{\beta E_i}{2}} |E_i\rangle \otimes |E_i\rangle$$


- Entanglement builds bridges: 'ER = EPR' [Maldacena, Susskind]



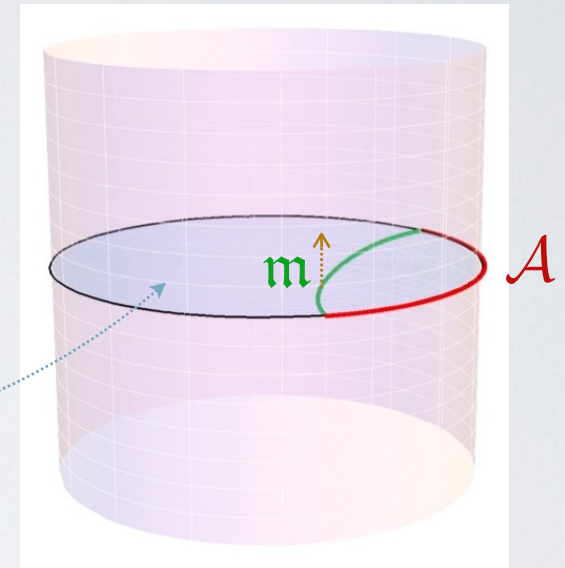
Einstein-Rosen bridge

Einstein-Podolsky-Rosen entanglement

Covariant Holographic EE

But the RT prescription is not well-defined outside the context of static configurations:

- In Lorentzian geometry, we can decrease the area arbitrarily by timelike deformations
- In time-dependent context, no natural notion of “const. t ” slice...



In *time-dependent* situations, RT prescription must be covariantized:

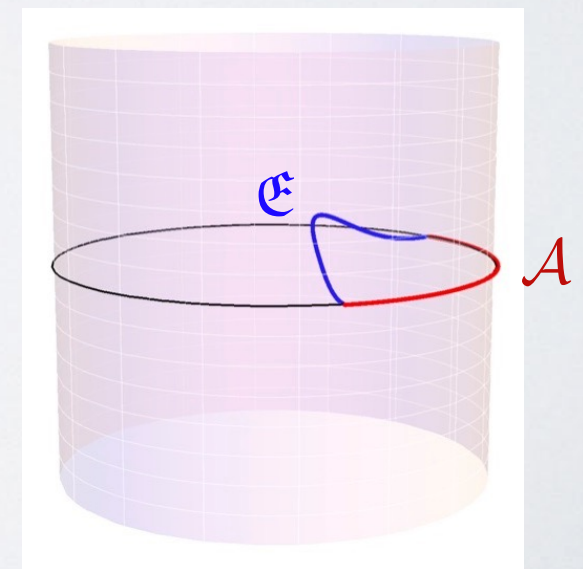
Simplest candidate: $[HRT = VH, Rangamani, Takayanagi '07]$

minimal surface \mathfrak{m}
at constant time



extremal surface \mathfrak{E}
in the full bulk

This gives a well-defined quantity in any (arbitrarily time-dependent asymptotically AdS) spacetime
⇒ equally robust as in CFT



“Pf” in [Dong, Lewkowycz, Rangamani '16]

Curious features of EE:

- Extremal surfaces can have intricate behavior:
 - \mathcal{E} can have discontinuous jumps under smooth variations of \mathcal{A}
 - \leadsto phase transitions in EE
 - \mathcal{E} can be topologically nontrivial even for simply-connected regions \mathcal{A}
- Holographic EE seems too local:
 - sharply-specified both on boundary **and** in bulk
 - but: \leadsto we can reconstruct the bulk metric (modulo caveats) solely from the set $\{S_{\mathcal{A}}\}$ for a suitable set of $\{\mathcal{A}\}$
- Holographic EE seems too **non**-local:
 - global minimization condition + homology constraint makes $S_{\mathcal{A}}$ sensitive to arbitrarily distant regions in the bulk...

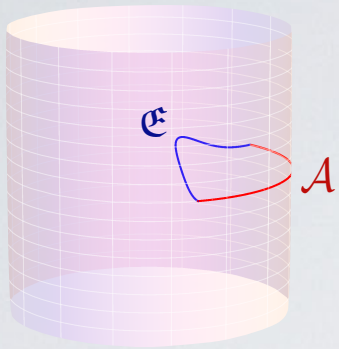
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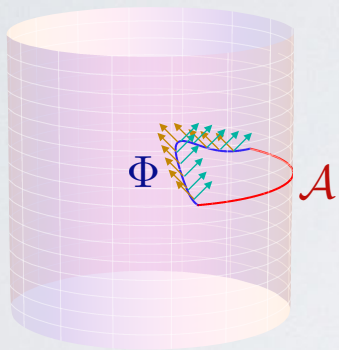
Covariant re-formulations

- Covariance is pre-requisite to construct being physically meaningful, but it need not be unique
 - Distinct geometrical formulations can turn out equivalent
- This redundancy is useful
 - Each formulation can have its own advantages
 - e.g. different properties may be manifest in different formulations (cf. gauge / coordinate choice)
 - Re-formulation can reveal deeper relations (cf. ER=EPR [Maldacena, Susskind])

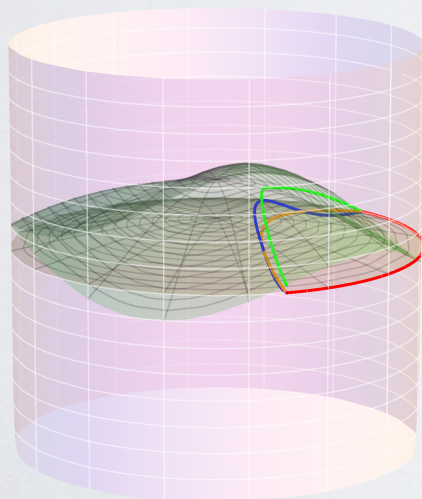
Covariant re-formulations of HEE



- \mathfrak{E} = Extremal surface
 - (relatively) easy to find
 - minimal set of ingredients required in specification
 - need to include homology constraint as extra requirement



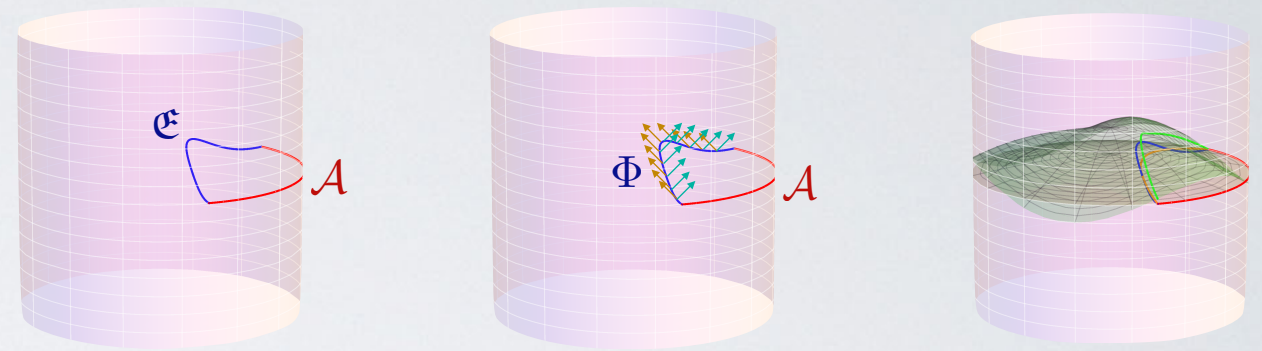
- Φ = Surface with zero null expansions
 - cf. light sheet construction & covariant entropy bound [Bousso, '99]:
Bulk entropy through light sheet of surface $\sigma \leq \text{Area}(\sigma)/4$
 Φ = surface admitting a light sheet closest to bdy



- Maximin surface [Wall, '12]
 - maximize over minimal-area surface on a spacelike slice
 - requires the entire collection of slices & surfaces
 - implements homology constraint automatically
 - useful for proofs (e.g. SSA)

Covariant re-formulations of HEE

All of these are the same geometrical construct.



BUT it does not elucidate the relation to quantum information:

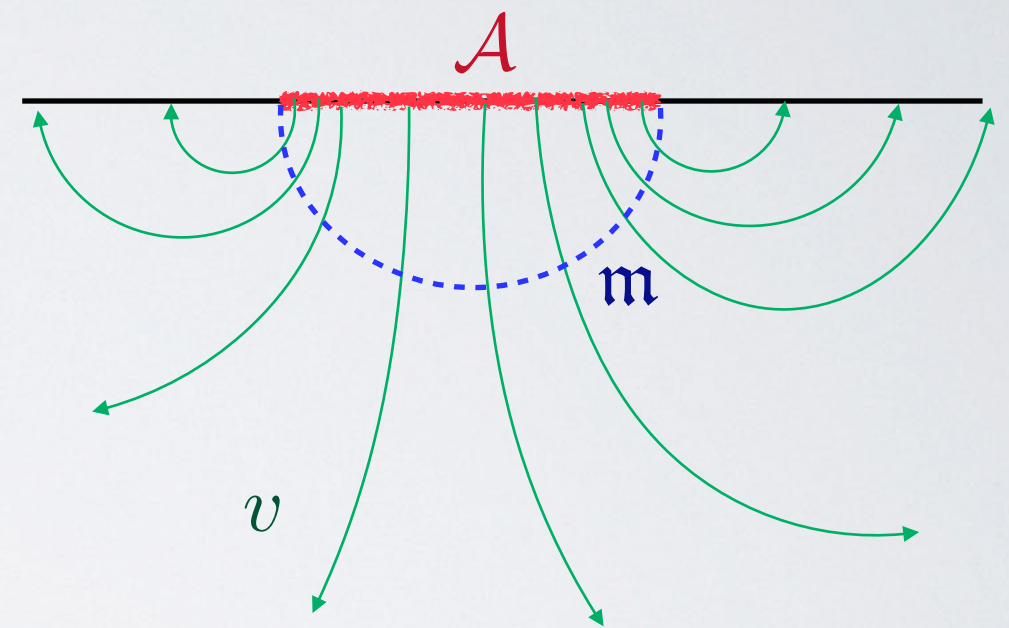
- Where does the information live?
- Mutual information $I(A:B) = S(A) + S(B) - S(AB)$ is given by surfaces located in different spacetime regions.
- Geometric proof of SSA ($S(AB) + S(BC) \geq S(B) + S(ABC)$) obscures its meaning as monotonicity under inclusion of correlations

Bit thread picture of (static) EE

- Reformulate EE in terms of flux of flow lines [Freedman & Headrick, '16]
 - let v be a vector field satisfying $\nabla \cdot v = 0$ and $|v| \leq 1$. Then EE is given by

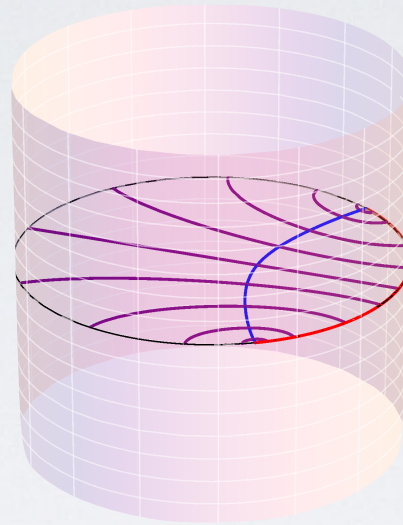
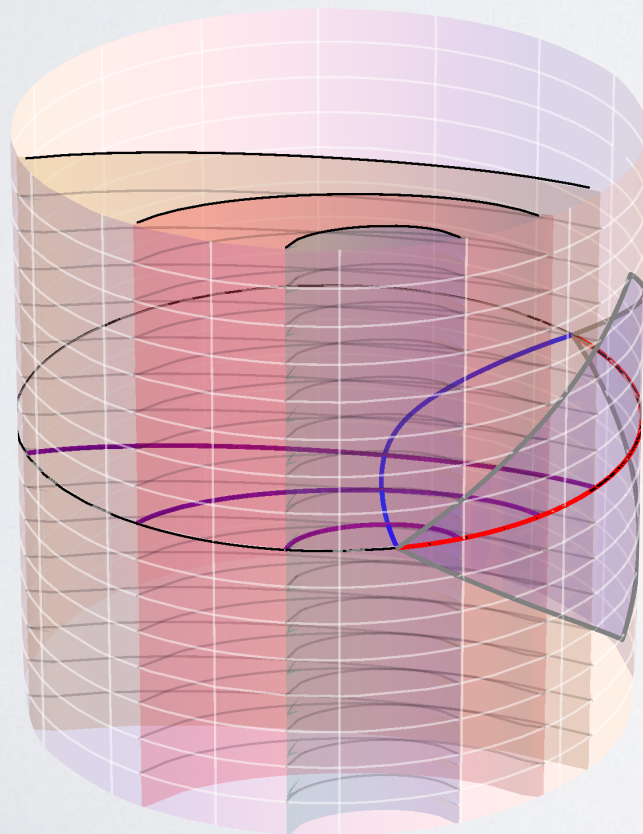
$$S_{\mathcal{A}} = \max_v \int_{\mathcal{A}} v$$

- By Max Flow - Min Cut theorem, equivalent to RT: (bottleneck for flow = minimal surface)
- Useful reformulation of holographic EE
 - behaves more naturally
 - is more computationally efficient
 - ties better to QI quantities
 - provides more intuition
- How does this extend to time-dependent settings?

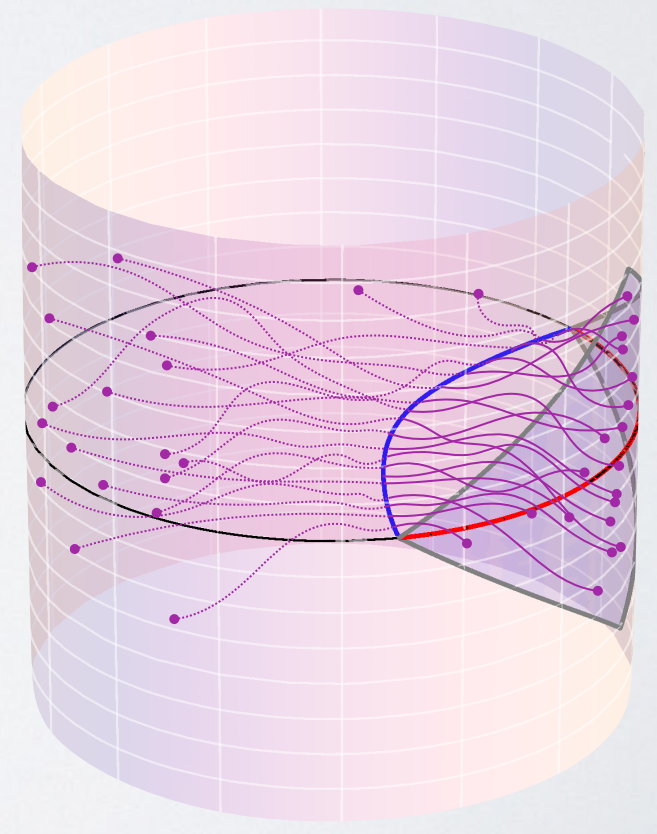


Natural possibilities

extend threads in time
flow sheets



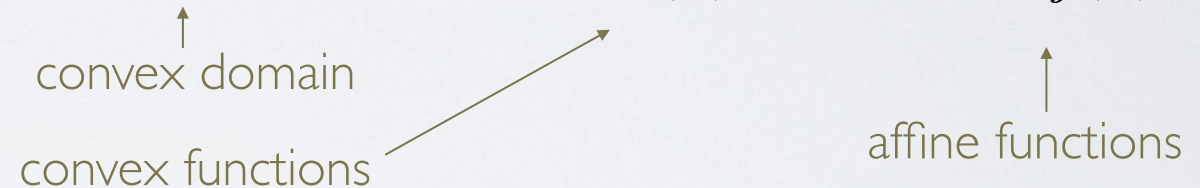
keep 1-d threads
flow lines



Convex optimization as a tool

- Max-flow/min-cut is an example of Lagrangian duality in theory of convex optimization
- Setup:

- Convex program P : minimize $f_0(y)$ over $y \in \mathcal{D}$ such that $\forall i, f_i(y) \leq 0, \forall j, h_j(y) = 0$



- More general problems may be converted to the requisite form via convex relaxation

- use Lagrange multipliers $L(y, \lambda, \nu) \equiv f_0(y) + \sum_i \lambda_i f_i(y) + \sum_j \nu_j h_j(y)$

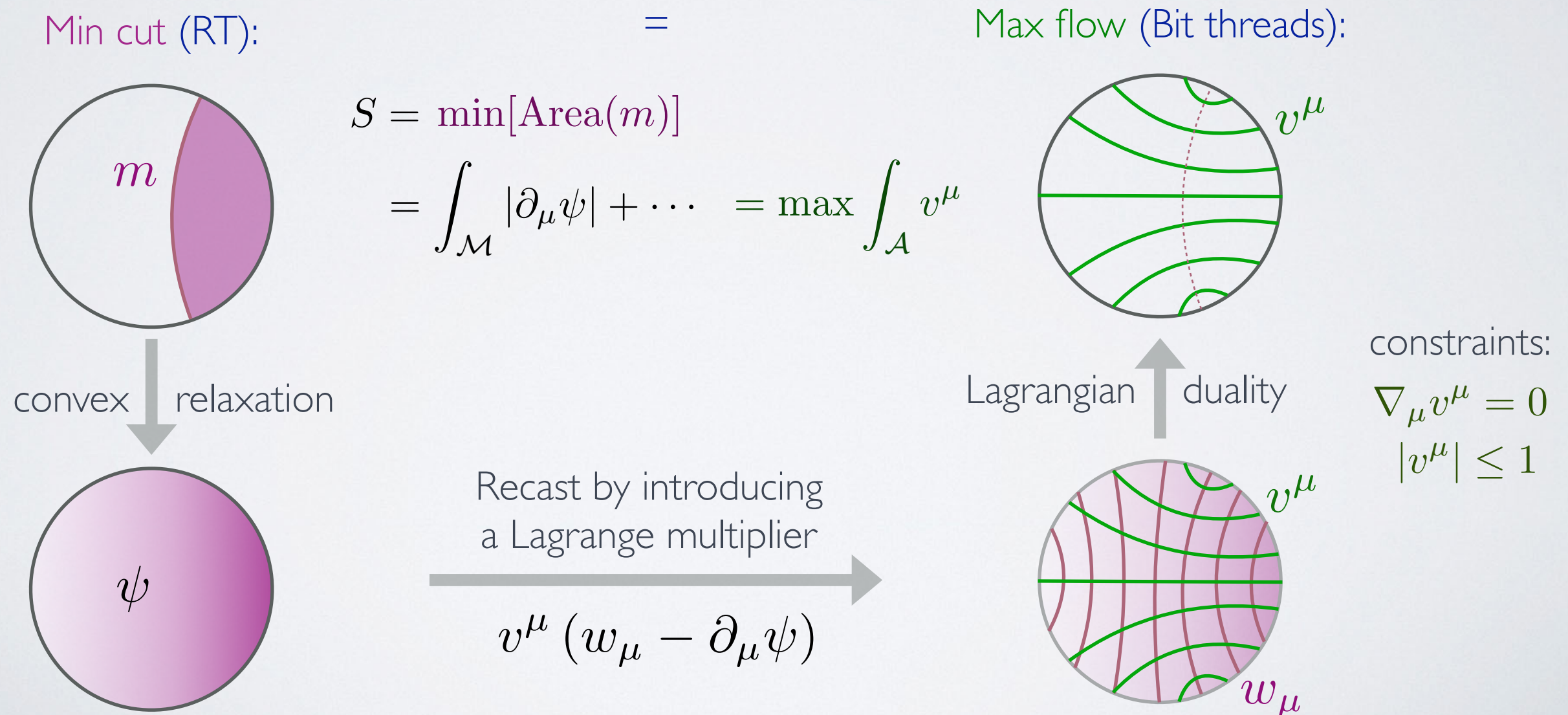
- solution via convex optimization: $p^* = \inf_y \sup_{\lambda, \nu} L(y, \lambda, \nu)$

- Lagrangian duality: swap order

- new extremization problem, in new variables

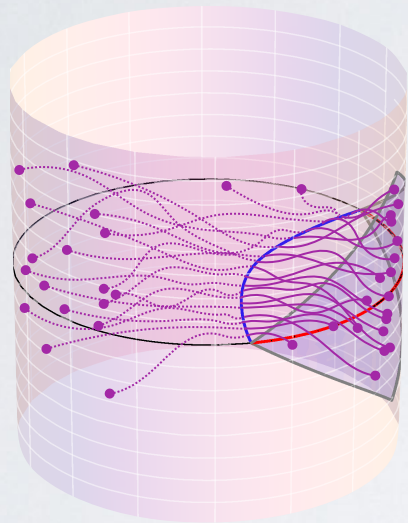
Convex optimization as a tool

- Strategy:
 - Formulate the (Lorentzian) min cut side as convex relaxation
 - Interpret the dual geometrically
- Eg. for static case:



Flow lines

- Via HRT \rightarrow maximin \rightarrow maximax \rightarrow convex relaxation & Lagrangian duality, we still get flow lines = covariant bit threads...



But what is the QI interpretation ?

- Entanglement entropy counted by events ?
 - e.g. # of indep. measurements that can be performed within $D[\mathcal{A}]$
 - novel interpretation...
- Why are I-d structures natural?
 - why is a specific measurement connected to another instantaneous event somewhere in \mathcal{A}^c ?

Summary & Outlook

- Holography conveniently geometrizes entanglement
 - Finding bulk geometrical constructs is (relatively) easy!
 - Useful in proving important properties!
 - Why is EE related to geometry so simply?
 - Duals of other measures of entanglement?
- General covariance is a powerful guiding principle
 - Motivated subregion/subregion duality
 - Covariantize bit threads to elucidate essence of holographic EE
 - Significance of instantaneous nature: (Why) I-d threads?
- Convex relaxation and Lagrangian duality is a powerful tool
 - Motivates new geometric constructs, new elegant proofs, connections...
 - Other applications?
- Relation between spacetime (gravity) and entanglement?



Thank you